

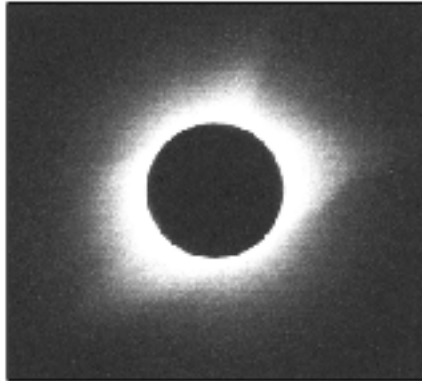
Patterns Of Change

1 The photographs below show two celestial objects just before, during, and just after a total solar eclipse as viewed by an observer located in Kingston, Tennessee, on August 21, 2017.

Photograph 1:
Just Before Eclipse



Photograph 2:
Total Solar Eclipse



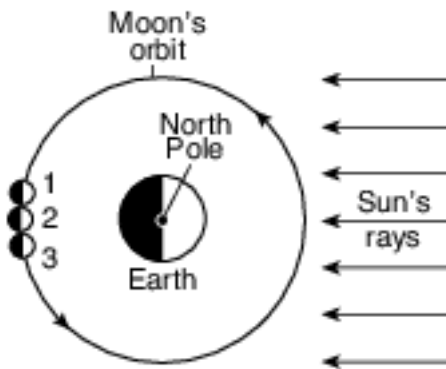
Photograph 3:
Just After Eclipse



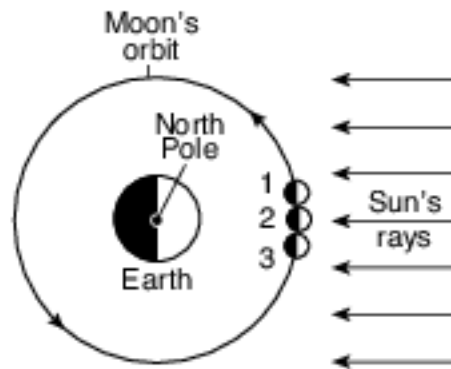
G. Meyer

Which diagram represents the location of the Moon in its orbit at the time that each of these three photographs (1, 2, and 3) were taken? (Diagrams are not drawn to scale.)

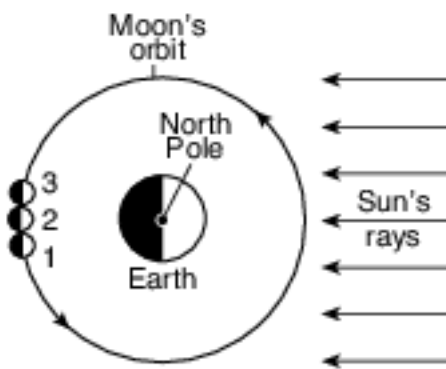
(1)



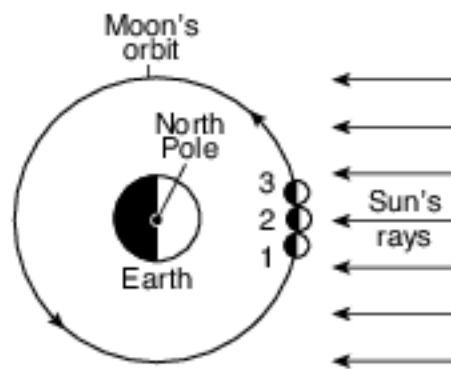
(3)



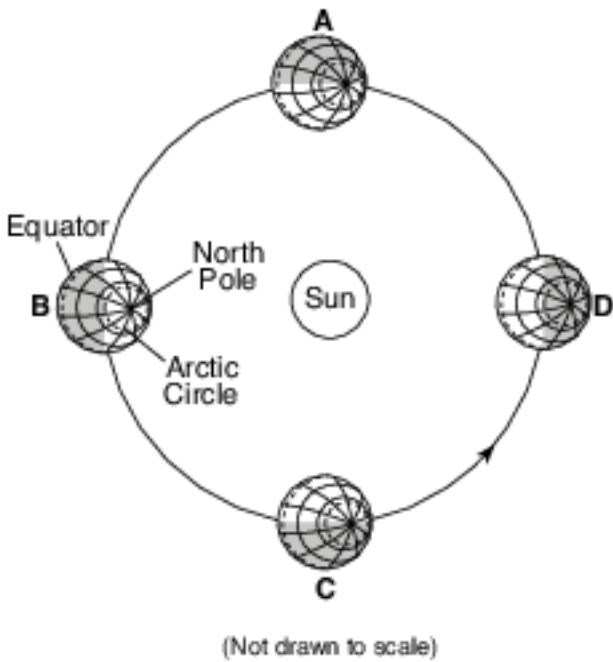
(2)



(4)



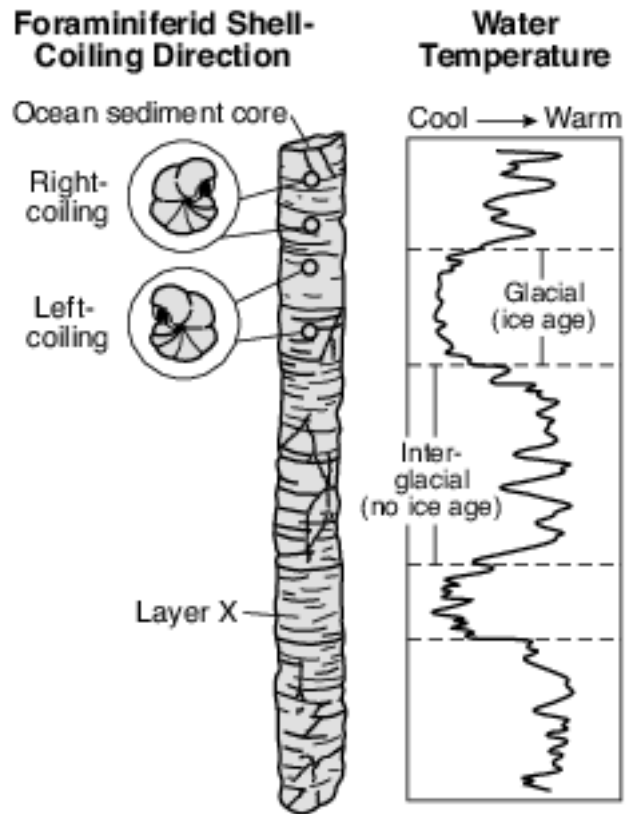
2 The diagram below represents Earth in four positions, labeled A, B, C, and D, in its orbit around the Sun on the first day of each season.



Between which two consecutive positions is the summer season occurring in the Northern Hemisphere?

- (1) A and B
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) D and A

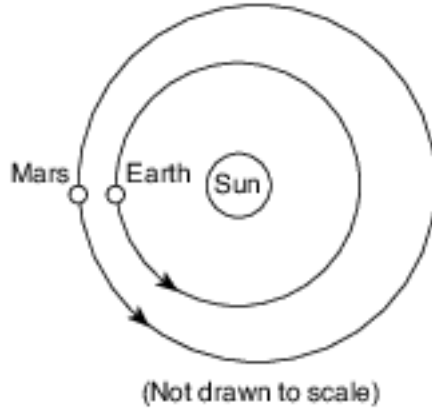
3 While studying sediments deposited during and after the last ice age, scientists discovered that foraminiferid shells coil in different directions when they grow under different temperature conditions, as shown in the diagram below.



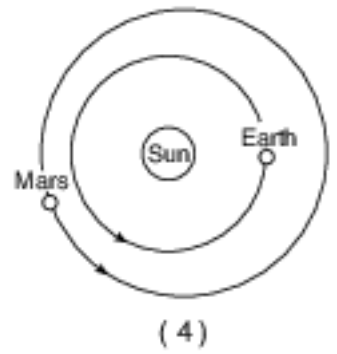
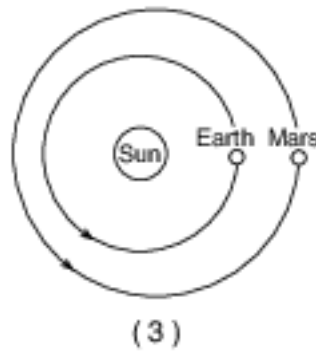
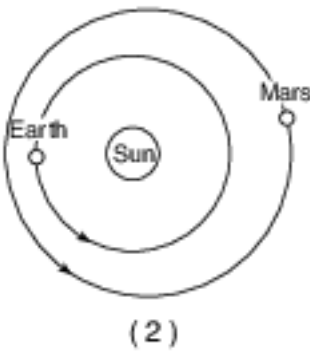
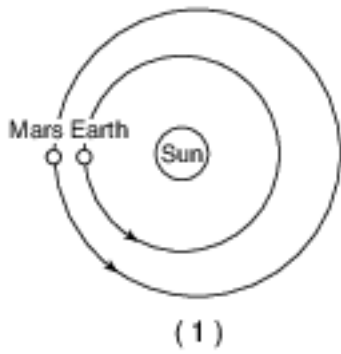
Foraminiferid shells found in layer X most likely coiled to the

- (1) right, because water temperatures were cool
- (2) right, because water temperatures were warm
- (3) left, because water temperatures were cool
- (4) left, because water temperatures were warm

4 The diagram below shows the relative positions of Earth and Mars in their orbits on a particular date during the winter of 2007.



Which diagram correctly shows the locations of Earth and Mars on the same date during the winter of 2008?



- (1) 1
- (2) 2

- (3) 3
- (4) 4

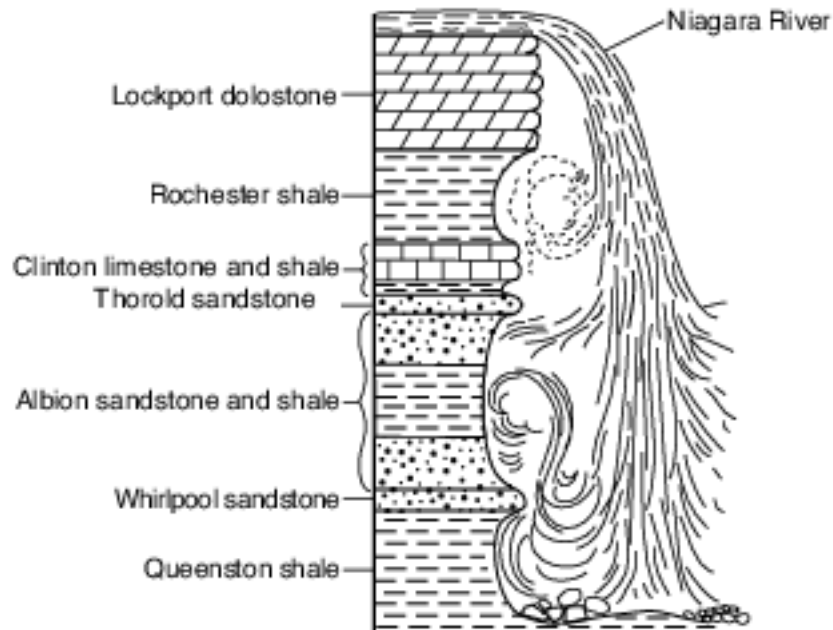
5 The map below shows two seasonal positions of the polar front jet stream over North America.



Which statement best explains why the position of the polar front jet stream varies with the seasons?

- (1) Rising air compresses and cools in winter.
- (2) Water heats and cools more rapidly than land in winter.
- (3) Prevailing winds reverse direction in summer.
- (4) The vertical rays of the Sun shift north of the equator in summer.

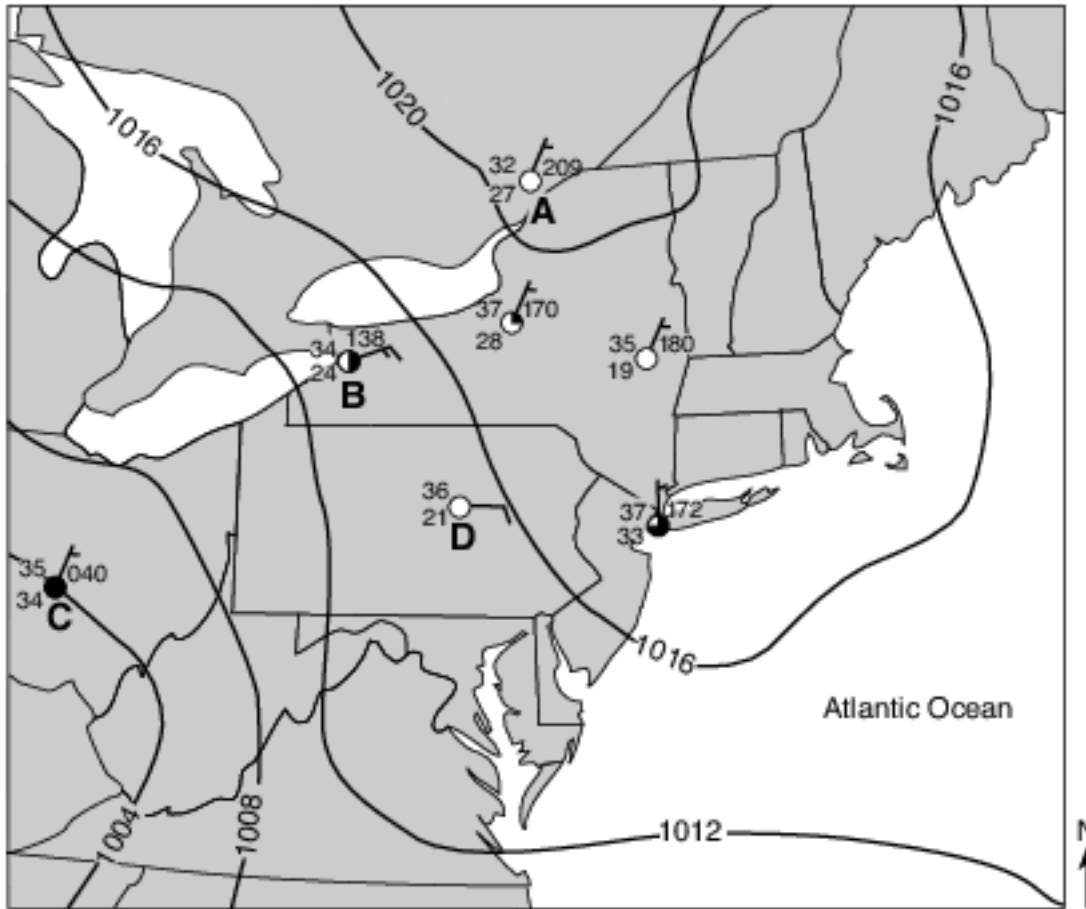
6 A cross section of Niagara Falls is shown below.



Which two rock units appear to be most resistant to weathering and erosion?

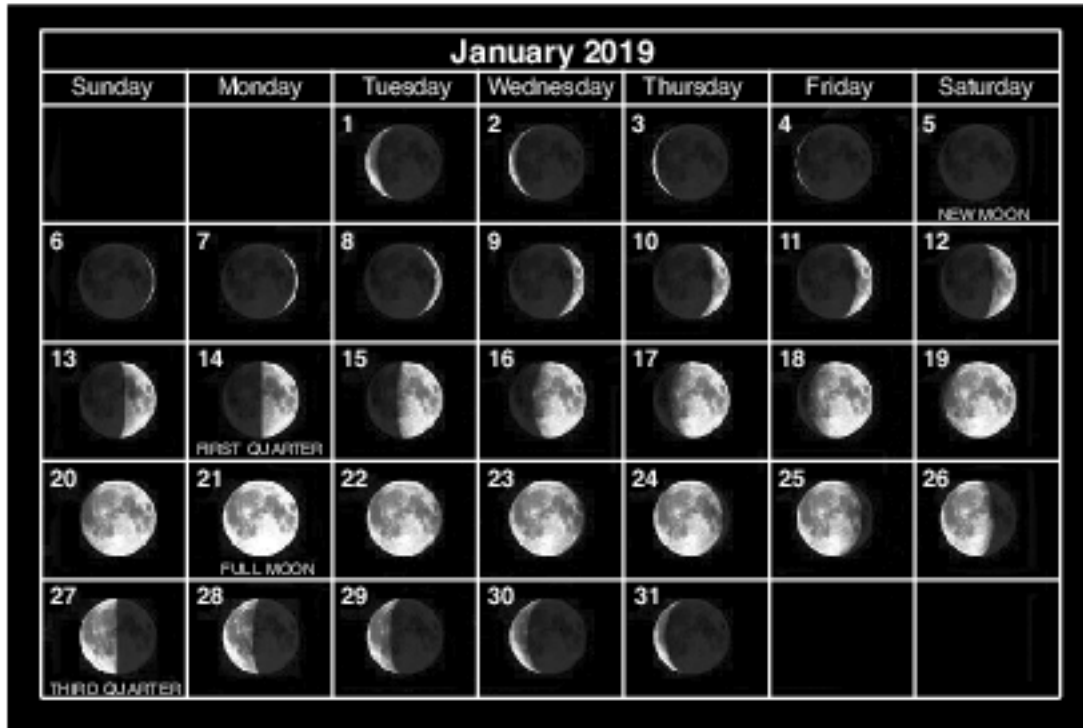
- (1) Lockport dolostone and Whirlpool sandstone
- (2) Rochester shale and Albion sandstone and shale
- (3) Clinton limestone and shale and Queenston shale
- (4) Thorold sandstone and Queenston shale

Base your answers to questions 7 on the weather map below. The map shows isobars and seven weather station models. Four of the weather stations are identified by letters A, B, C, and D.



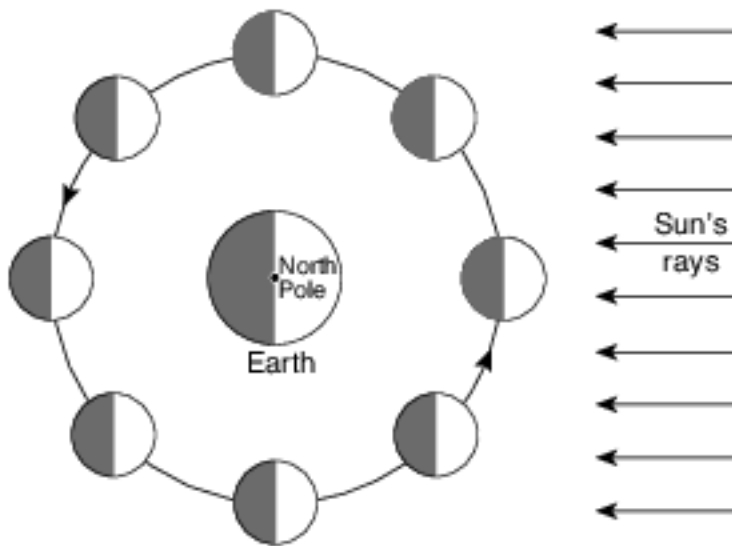
- 7 What was the probable air pressure, in millibars, at station D?
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (1) 1015.0 mb | (3) 1021.0 mb |
| (2) 1017.0 mb | (4) 1036.0 mb |
- 8 During which Northern Hemisphere season is Earth closest to the Sun?
- | | |
|------------|------------|
| (1) spring | (3) autumn |
| (2) summer | (4) winter |

Base your answers to questions 9 on the calendar below, on the diagram in image provided, and on your knowledge of Earth science. The calendar shows the phases of the Moon for January 2019 as viewed by an observer in New York State. Some phases have been labeled. The diagram on your answer sheet represents eight positions of the Moon in its orbit around Earth.



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9 In image below, circle the position of the Moon in its orbit that produced the moon phase observed on January 17, 2019. [1]



(Not drawn to scale)

Base your answers to questions 10 on the passage below and on your knowledge of Earth science.

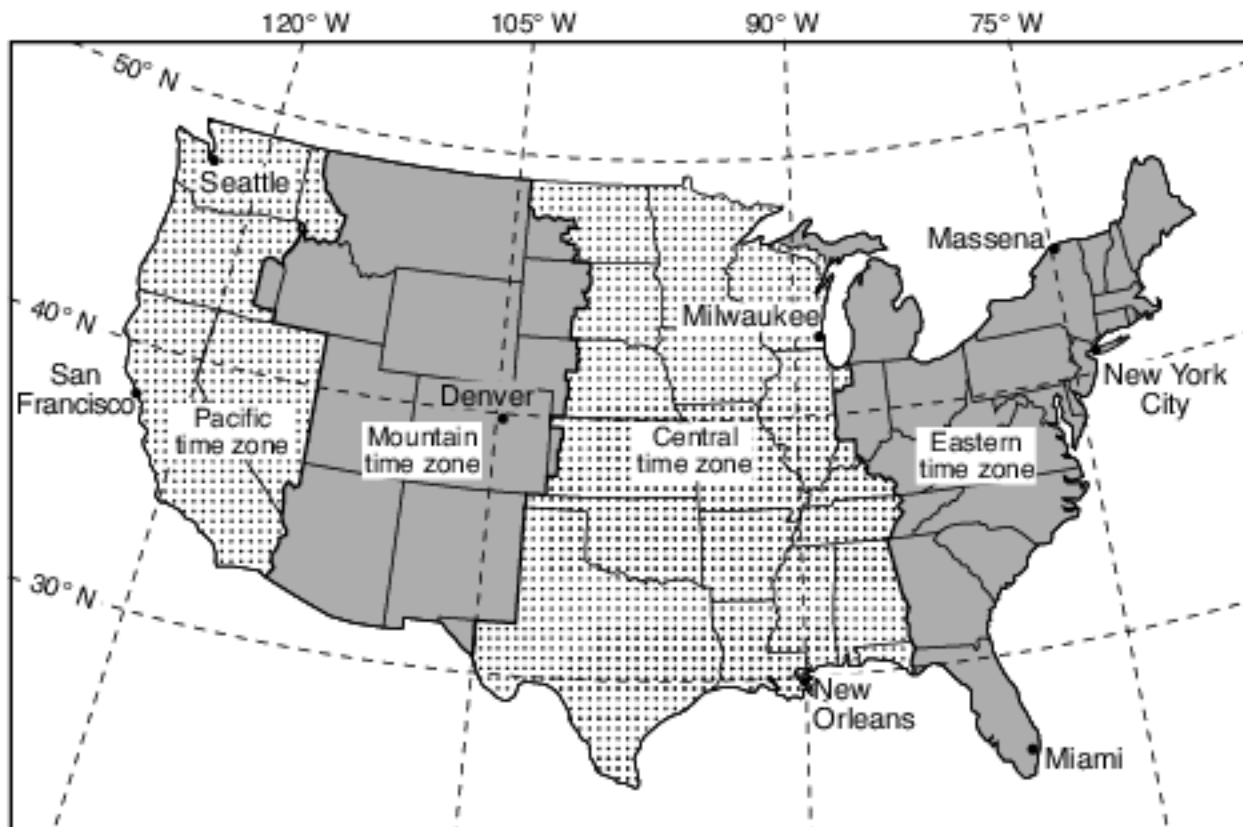
Carrara Marble

Carrara marble is named for the town of Carrara on the west coast of Italy. This dazzling white marble has been mined since the time of the ancient Romans and remains the major industry of the area today. The marble has many commercial uses, such as tombstones, countertops, tiles, and building stones. Its chemical purity, uniform color, and hardness make this marble an ideal material for artists who carve statues from rock. Major museums around the world have statues carved from Carrara marble.

The formation of Carrara marble began 200 million years ago when a great thickness of tiny shells was deposited at the bottom of a warm, shallow sea. Over time, burial and compaction of these sediments formed sedimentary rock primarily composed of pure calcite. Approximately 27 million years ago, tectonic forces caused this area of the seafloor bedrock to be deformed and metamorphosed, forming the Carrara marble. Uplift and erosion later exposed huge formations of this famous marble.

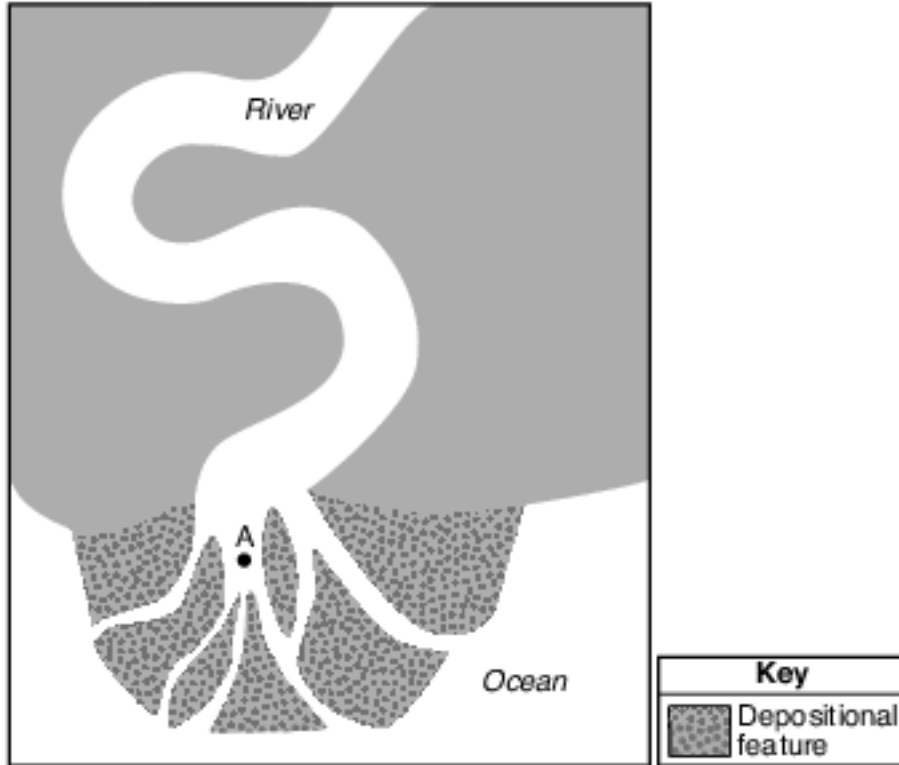
- 10 Identify the change in pressure and the change in temperature that most likely occurred to metamorphose the sedimentary seafloor bedrock into the Carrara marble. [1]
 Change in pressure:
 Change in temperature:

Base your answers to questions 11 on the map below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The map shows the four time zones across the continental United States. Eight cities are labeled on the map.



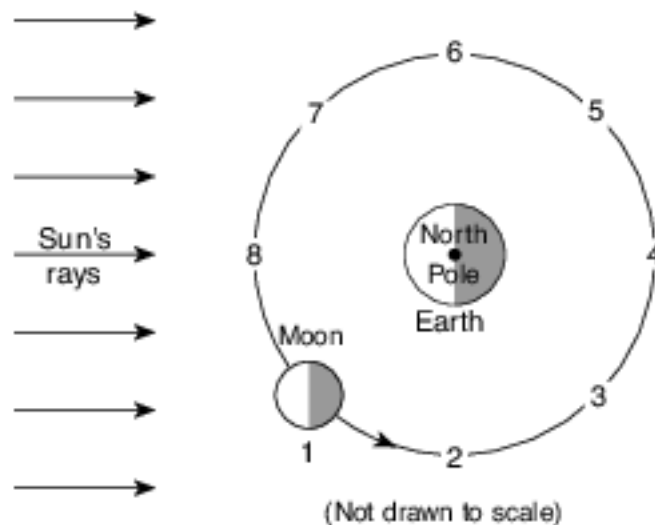
- 11 State the time at San Francisco, California, when it is 12 noon at New Orleans, Louisiana. Indicate a.m. or p.m. in your answer. [1]

Base your answers to questions 12 on the map below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The map shows a river and a depositional feature at an ocean shoreline. Point A indicates a location on Earth's surface.

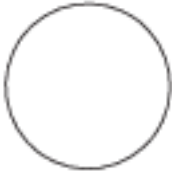


- 12 Describe how the rocks and sediments are rounded and smoothed as they are being eroded by the water in this river. [1]

Base your answers to questions 13 on the diagram below, which shows the Moon at position 1 in its orbit around Earth. Numbers 2 through 8 represent other positions in the Moon's orbit.



- 13 On the diagram in the image provided, shade the portion of the Moon that is in darkness as viewed from New York State when the Moon is at position 1. [1]



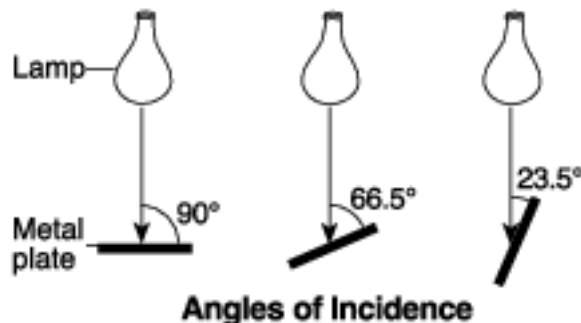
Base your answers to questions 14 on the data table below, which shows the air temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, and air pressure, in inches of mercury (Hg), recorded at a weather station in New York State from 11 a.m. to 7 p.m. on a day in September.

Time	Air Temperature (°F)	Air Pressure (in of Hg)
11 a.m.	77	29.81
12 noon	81	29.79
1 p.m.	84	29.77
2 p.m.	88	29.75
3 p.m.	87	29.74
4 p.m.	86	29.73
5 p.m.	85	29.73
6 p.m.	82	29.74
7 p.m.	79	29.76

- 14 State the relationship between air temperature and air pressure from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. [1]

Base your answers to questions 15 on the experiment description and diagram below.

A student was interested in how the angle of insolation affects absorption of radiation. The student took three black metal plates, each containing a built-in thermometer, and placed them at the same distance from three identical lamps. The plates were tilted so that the light from the lamps created three different angles of incidence with the center of the plates, as shown in the diagram. The starting temperatures of the plates were recorded. The lamps were turned on for 10 minutes. Then the final temperatures were recorded.



- 15 The metal plate at a 90° angle of incidence represents a location on Earth at solar noon on March 21. What is the latitude of this location? [1]

Answer Keys

- 1 4
- 2 2
- 3 3
- 4 2
- 5 4
- 6 1
- 7 1
- 8 4
- 9 Allow 1 credit for circling only the position shown in the example below.
- 10 Allow 1 credit if both responses indicate an increase.
- Change in pressure:
 - — increase
 - — higher/greater
 - Change in temperature:
 - — increase
 - — hotter
 - — higher
- 11 Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
- — 10:00 a.m.
 - — 10 am
 - — 1000 (military time)
 - — 10 in the morning
- 12 Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:
- — Rocks are rounded by tumbling and having sharp corners wear down or break off.
 - — weathering by abrading with other sediments or against the streambed
 - — Abrasion polishes and shapes rocks.
 - — by scraping, bouncing, and rolling along
 - — by colliding with other particles in the water
 - Note: Do not allow credit for “water” or “erosion” acting alone because water alone, without sediments, does not abrade rock, and erosion is restating the question.. Do not allow credit for “weathering” alone because this term is too general and does not describe how sediments are rounded and smoothed.

13 Allow 1 credit if the student shades more than half of the Moon, leaving a lighted portion on the right edge as shown below.

- **Examples of 1-credit responses:**



14 Allow 1 credit. Acceptable responses include, but are not limited to:

- — As temperature increased, pressure decreased.
- — There is an inverse relationship between air temperature and air pressure.
- — As one variable increases, the other variable decreases.

15 Allow 1 credit for 0° latitude or the equator.